PAUL ATKINSON is Head of the General Economic Assessment Division of the Economics Department at the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, in Paris. He has also served as head of the Money & Finance Division, as Counsellor for Macroeconomic Policy, and as Principal Administrator, Balance of Payments Division. Earlier, he worked at the Institute of International Finance and at the New Zealand Treasury. Atkinson was an undergraduate at Williams College and received a master's degree in mathematics from Trinity College. He went on to earn B.A., M.A., and Ph.D. degrees in economics from Trinity College, University of Cambridge. He has written on world trade, monetary targeting, and interest rates. A recent article (with Robert C. York) is “The Reliability of Quarterly National Accounts in Seven Major Countries: A User’s Perspective.”

AXEL H. BOERSCH-SUPAN is Director of the Institute of Economics and Statistics at the University of Mannheim, where he is also Professor of Economics, occupying a chair for macroeconomics and economic policy. He earned bachelor’s degrees in mathematics and economics from the University of Munich, a master’s degree in mathematics from the University of Bonn, and a Ph.D. in economics from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Boersch-Supan has been a fellow at the McKinsey Global Institute in Washington, and he has taught at the University of Dortmund and the Kennedy School at Harvard University. He has had extensive consulting experience in Europe and the United States. His current research projects include studies of household saving behavior, pensions and retirement behavior, and structural and frictional unemployment.

GARY BURTLESS is a Senior Fellow in the Economic Studies program at the Brookings Institution in Washington, DC, where he does research on issues associated with public finance, aging, saving, labor markets, income distribution, social insurance, and the behavioral effects of government tax and transfer policy. Before coming to Brookings in 1981, he served as an economist in the policy and evaluation offices of the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. Burtless graduated from Yale College and earned a Ph.D. in economics from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He is the author of numerous scholarly and popular articles on the economic effects of Social Security and other public programs, and he is coauthor of several books, most recently Globaphobia: Confronting Fears about Open Trade.

JOSEPH CHAMIE is Director of the Population Division in the Department for Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations Secretariat. He has been with the United Nations in the field of population, both overseas and in New York, for close to a quarter century. He served as the Deputy Secretary-General for the 1994 United Nations International Conference for Population and Development. He has also taught and conducted research at universities in the United States and abroad. Chamie holds B.S., M.A., and Ph.D. degrees from the University of Michigan. In addition to completing numerous reports, articles, and books issued under United Nations authorship, Chamie has also published under his own
name in such areas as fertility, marriage, population estimates and projections, international migration, and population policy.

JOEL E. COHEN is Abby Rockefeller Mauzé Professor of Populations at the Rockefeller University. He heads the Laboratory of Populations at Rockefeller and Columbia Universities, and at Columbia he is Professor of Populations. He has also taught at Harvard University and has held many appointments as visiting scholar or professor, here and abroad. Cohen received A.B., A.M., and Ph.D. degrees in applied mathematics from Harvard University, where he also earned a master’s degree and a doctorate in public health. Recent books are the prize-winning Comparisons of Stochastic Matrices, with Applications in Information Theory, Statistics, Economics and Populations Sciences (with J. H. B. Kemperman and Gheorghe Zbaganu) and Plants and Population: Is There Time? (with N.V. Fedoroff).

RICHARD N. COOPER is Maurits C. Boas Professor of International Economics at Harvard University. A graduate of Oberlin College, he received an M.Sc.(Econ.) from the London School of Economics and Political Science and a Ph.D. from Harvard University. After two years as Senior Staff Economist on the Council of Economic Advisers, Cooper served as faculty member and as Provost at Yale University. He was Under-Secretary of State for Economic Affairs from 1977 to 1981, Chair of the National Intelligence Council from 1995 to 1997, and Chair of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston from 1990 to 1992. Cooper has written extensively on questions of international economic policy. Recent books include Environment and Resource Policies for the World Economy and Macroeconomic Policy and Adjustment in Korea, 1970–1990 (with others).

RYAN D. EDWARDS is a Ph.D. candidate in the Department of Economics at the University of California at Berkeley. He is also a teaching assistant in the Department of Demography. His fields of concentration are macroeconomics and public finance, and his dissertation is entitled “Three Essays on Heterogeneity in Macroeconomics.” Edwards has been research assistant to Professors David Romer and Ronald Lee at Berkeley, and to Professor David Bradford at Princeton University, where he was an undergraduate. He is coauthor (with Ronald Lee) of “The Fiscal Impact of Population Aging in the United States: Assessing the Uncertainties,” forthcoming in Tax Policy and the Economy, vol. 16, edited by J.M. Poterba.

RONALD D. LEE is Professor of Demography and Economics at the University of California at Berkeley, where he is Director of the Center for the Demography and Economics of Aging. He has also taught and carried on research at the University of Michigan. Lee was an undergraduate at Reed College, earned an M.A. in demography at U.C. Berkeley, and received his Ph.D. in economics from Harvard University. He did postdoctoral research at the National Institute for Demographic Studies in Paris. Lee has chaired or been a member of many study groups on demographics and has organized many conferences, here and abroad. One of his most recent books, edited with Alan Auerbach, is Demographic Change & Fiscal Policy. Recent papers include “Long-Term Projections and the U.S. Social Security System” and “A Cross-Cultural Perspective on Intergenerational Transfers and the Economic Life Cycle.”
JANE SNEDDON LITTLE is Vice President and Economist at the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston. She earned her undergraduate degree at Wellesley College and her graduate degrees from the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts University. Her research interests currently focus on open economy macroeconomics and international trade and finance. Recent publications include “U.S. Monetary Policy in an Integrating World: 1960 to 2000” (with Richard N. Cooper), which appears in the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston’s Conference Series No. 45, The Evolution of Monetary Policy and the Federal Reserve System Over the Past Thirty Years, and “Why the Interest in Reform?” (with Giovanni P. Olivei), which appears in No. 43, Rethinking the International Monetary System.

MASSIMO LIVI-BACCI is Professor of Demography on the Faculty of Political Science “Cesare Alfieri” at the University of Florence. He has also taught at the University of Rome and has been a visiting professor at Princeton, the University of California at Berkeley, the Collège de France, the University of Jerusalem, the Colégio de Mexico, and two Brazilian universities, among others. After his undergraduate work in Italy in political science, Livi-Bacci was a Fulbright Fellow in the Department of Sociology at Brown University. His doctoral degree is in demographics. Livi-Bacci is the author of many books in both English and Italian, most recently The Population of Europe: A History. He is editor (with G. De Santis) of Population and Poverty in the Developing World, also published in 1999.

CYNTHIA B. LLOYD is Director of Social Science Research in the Policy Research Division of the Population Council. She has also served as Chief of the Fertility and Family Planning Studies Section of the Population Division at the United Nations Secretariat and as Codirector of the Program on Sex Roles and Social Change at the Center for the Social Sciences, Columbia University. She is a member of the National Academy of Sciences Committee on Population. Lloyd has taught at Williams College and at Barnard College. She was an undergraduate at Bryn Mawr College and received her M.A. and Ph.D. in economics from Columbia University. Lloyd has written extensively on family and gender issues, children’s education, and international population issues. One recent article is “Household structure and poverty: What are the connections?”

WOLFGANG P. LUTZ is Leader of the Population Project, International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis at Laxenburg, Austria, and Adjunct Professor in Demography and Social Statistics at the University of Vienna. He is also Secretary General of the International Union for the Scientific Study of Population. Lutz received an M.A. in social and economic statistics from the University of Vienna, and M.A and Ph.D. degrees in demography from the University of Pennsylvania. He received a second doctorate, in demography and social statistics, at the University of Vienna. His most recent book (with B.C. O’Neill and F.L. MacKellar) is Population and Climate Change. Two entries in the forthcoming Encyclopedia of Global Environmental Change are “Global population trends and density of land occupancy” and “The demographic transition” (with A. Goujon).

JOEL MOKYR is Robert H. Strotz Professor of Arts and Sciences and Professor of Economics and History at Northwestern University, where he is also Chair of the Department of Economics. He received his Ph.D. from Yale University. Mokyr’s
fields of interest include economic history, technological change, and historical demography. His current research is concerned with the understanding of the economic roots of technological progress and the growth of useful knowledge in European societies, as well as the impact that industrialization and economic progress have had on economic welfare. Mokyr is completing a book entitled *Neither Chance nor Necessity*, on the evolutionary aspects of technological progress. He is editor-in-chief of the Princeton University Press *Economic History of the Western World* and the Oxford University Press *Encyclopedia of Economic History*.

ASSAF RAZIN is Mario Henrique Simonsen Professor of Public Economics at Tel Aviv University, where he has served as Vice Rector and as Dean of the Faculty of Social Sciences. He is also Friedman Professor of International Economics at Cornell University and has been visiting professor at several American universities. He has been an academic consultant and visiting scholar at the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank, and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and the Universities of Copenhagen, Munich, and Stockholm. Razin earned bachelor’s and master’s degrees in economics at Hebrew University, M.A. and Ph.D. degrees in economics at the University of Chicago. He is coeditor of the journals *International Tax and Public Finance* and *Rivocn L‘Calcala*, the journal of the Israeli Economic Association. His latest book (with Efraim Sadka) is *Labor, Capital, and Finance: International Flows*.

EFRAIM SADKA is Henry Kaufman Professor of International Capital Markets at Tel Aviv University. He was an undergraduate at Tel Aviv University and earned his Ph.D. at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He has been a frequent visiting scholar and consultant to the Fiscal Affairs Department of the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank, and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and he has been a visiting professor at the Universities of Michigan and Wisconsin. Sadka is associate editor of the journals *International Tax and Public Finance* and *Finanz Archiv* and is the author of many journal articles. “Country Risk and Capital Flow Reversal” (with A. Razin) and “Tax Burden and Migration: A Political Economy Theory and Evidence” (with A. Razin and P. Swagel) are among the most recent. He is also the author of several books, most recently *Population Economics* (with A. Razin).

JAMES P. SMITH is Senior Economist at RAND, where he has served as principal investigator on many projects, among them the effects of economic development on labor markets, migration in developing countries, and the economic impact of immigration. He has held the RAND Chair in Labor Markets and Demographic Studies since 1988 and has served as Director of RAND’s labor and population studies program. Smith has also taught at the Graduate Center of the City University of New York and at the University of Illinois. He has published widely; a recent article is “The Changing Skills of New Immigrants to the United States: Recent Trends and Their Determinants” (with G. Jasso and M. Rosenzweig). Smith received a bachelor’s degree in economics from Fordham University and his Ph.D. in economics from the University of Chicago.

C. EUGENE STEUERLE is a Senior Fellow at the Urban Institute, where he has conducted extensive research on budget and tax policy, social security, health care, and welfare reform. He is the author, coauthor, or editor of nine books and
more than 125 reports and articles. A recent book is *The Government We Deserve: Responsive Democracy and Changing Expectations* (with E. Gramlich, H. Heclo, and D. Nightingale). Steuerle was Deputy Assistant Secretary of the U.S. Treasury for Tax Analysis and Economic Coordinator of the Treasury’s 1984-86 tax reform effort. He served as a member of the Technical Panel on Assumptions and Methods for the Social Security Advisory Council. A member of the IMF Fiscal Affairs Advisory Committee, Steuerle has undertaken tax assistance missions to China. He was an undergraduate at the University of Dayton and received master’s degrees and his Ph.D. from the University of Wisconsin.

MARCELO M. SUÁREZ-OROZCO is Victor S. Thomas Professor of Education at Harvard University, where he is Co-Director of the Harvard Immigration Project, a comparative, interdisciplinary, and longitudinal study of 400 Asian, Afro-Caribbean, and Latino immigrant youth in American schools. He received his Ph.D. from the University of California at Berkeley. A psychological anthropologist, Suárez-Orozco has published extensively in the areas of cultural psychology and psychological anthropology, with special reference to the study of immigration. His most recent books are *Children of Immigration* (with C. Suárez-Orozco) and *Cultures Under Siege: Collective Violence and Trauma* (with A.C.G.M. Robben). Forthcoming work includes the seven-volume *Interdisciplinary Perspectives on the New Immigration* (with C. Suárez-Orozco and D. Qin-Hilliard).

MICHAEL S. TEITELBAUM is a demographer and Program Director at the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation in New York. He was educated at Reed College and at Oxford University, where he was a Rhodes Scholar. He has taught at Oxford and at Princeton University, and he has served as staff director of the Select Committee on Population, U.S. House of Representatives. Teitelbaum has been a professional staff member of the Ford Foundation and the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, and he was one of twelve Commissioners of the U.S. Commission for the Study of International Migration and Cooperative Economic Development from 1988 to 1990. His most recent books are *A Question of Numbers: High Migration, Low Fertility, and the Politics of National Identity* (coauthor) and *Population and Resources in Western Intellectual Traditions* (coeditor).

ROBERT K. TRIEST is Assistant Vice President and Economist in the macro/fiscal section of the Research Department at the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston. Before joining the Bank, he was an Assistant Professor at The Johns Hopkins University and then Associate Professor at the University of California at Davis. Triest’s research has focused on topics in public finance and labor economics. He has published articles in various professional journals, including *The American Economic Review, The Journal of Economic Perspectives, and The Review of Economics and Statistics*, as well as in Boston Fed publications. Triest earned his B.A. from Vassar College and his Ph.D. in economics from the University of Wisconsin. He is a member of the American Economic Association and the National Tax Association.

DAVID N. WEIL is Professor of Economics at Brown University. He has also been Visiting Professor at Hebrew University and at Harvard University, and Economics of Aging Fellow at the National Bureau of Economic Research. He was an undergraduate at Brown and received his Ph.D. from Harvard. Weil has pub-
lished many papers on population, technology, and growth, including the recent “Saving and Growth with Habit Formation” (with C. Carroll and J. Overland), “The Annuityization of Americans’ Resources: A Cohort Approach” (with others), and “Population, Technology, and Growth: From Malthusian Stagnation to the Demographic Transition and Beyond” (with O. Galor). He is Associate Editor of the *Journal of Economic Growth* and recently completed a term as a member of board of editors of *The American Economic Review*.

JEFFREY G. WILLIAMSON is the Laird Bell Professor of Economics at Harvard University and a Faculty Fellow at the Center for International Development. He received his Ph.D. from Stanford University and then taught at the University of Wisconsin for twenty years before joining the faculty at Harvard in 1983. Williamson is the author of more than twenty scholarly books and more than one hundred and fifty articles on economic history and economic development. His most recent books are *Industrialization, Inequality and Economic Growth; The Age of Mass Migration* (with T. Hatton); *Growth, Inequality, and Globalization* (with P. Aghion); *Globalization and History* (with K. O’Rourke); and *The Mediterranean Response to Globalization Before 1950* (with S. Pamuk).

NAOHIRO YASHIRO is President of the Japan Center for Economic Research in Tokyo, where he earlier served as Senior Economist. He is also Professor of Economics at the Institute of International Relations at Sophia University. He has held the positions of First Secretary of the Japanese Delegation to the OECD (1982–85), and Desk Head in the Economics Department of the OECD (1987–90). Yashiro received a B.A. in liberal arts from International Christian University in Japan, a B.A. in economics from the University of Tokyo, and a Ph.D. in economics from the University of Maryland. Recent publications in English include *The Economic Effects of Aging in the United States and Japan* (coeditor), and the article “Declining Population and Sustained Economic Growth: Can They Coexist?” (coauthor).