#### Reactions to Colin's paper

### & What should the FRB / FRB of Boston do?

### Overall feeling

Colin: Economics should take its building blocks from psychology My reaction: It will be nice ..... "If psychology had a central theory ..." But, I am skeptical.

### Why skeptical? I

The periodic table is a very interesting analogy But, it also means that we are unlikely to have a unified theory Partly because it is unlikely that we will be able to measure the "atomic structure"

## Why skeptical? II

As Colin's list demonstrates people exhibit all kind of "irrational" behaviors Part of them are due to inconsistency, due to emotions, context, distance in time etc. Can we find a unified theory for these effects?

# Why skeptical? III

Human knowledge-transfer is limited (categorization) Situated cognition If such inconsistency is a part of human nature, how could we hope to have a unified & descriptively valid economic theory?

## Why skeptical? IV

Economics & Psychology? Easy and hard ideas Easy: Hyperbolic discounting, social utility Hard Tom sawyer and CA

### The role of experience:

I think that experience can help only in very limited cases Repeated behaviors A lot of good feedback No emotional aspect (hot cold)

### So what is the future?

Multiple paths Traditional economics (game theory, econometrics, Macro, International...) Behavioral economics Policy science The difference should be in the application of these ideas to policy!

## Policy I

Since it is unlikely that we will have a descriptively valid theory of economic behavior, policy should be an <u>empirical field</u>. Field studies are not sufficient and <u>experiments</u> are needed Need to study <u>effect sizes</u> more carefully

## Policy II

The government should start doing experiments regularly Instead of announcing tax cuts for \$350B, test the effects of tax cuts on a sample of individuals for a year or 2... (I have been trying and if anyone wants to help me ...)

#### Summary

Psychology is important to economics Psychology is important to policy But, I doubt that economics can fully embrace psychology to optimally inform policy Policy should have its own goals and not be based solely on economics



#### Other topics

Decisions under sexual arousal Valuations of future options Second price auctions Pricing (CA, Price of 0) Effects of incentives on performance