Consumer Perspectives:

PAYMENT SPEED & SECURITY

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NEACH Payments Management Conference

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Disclaimers

- The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston or the Federal Reserve System.
- Results from the 2012 and 2015 Diary of Consumer Payment Choice (DCPC) and the 2015 Survey of Consumer Payment Choice (SCPC) are preliminary and subject to change.

Consumer perspectives

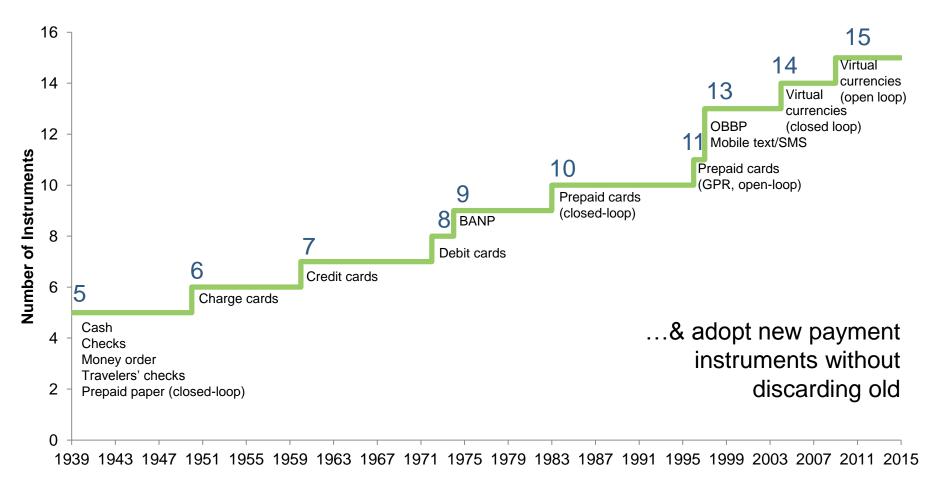
- Factors that are important for payment instrument choice
- What consumers say about security; what consumer do
- Focus on bill pay: What consumers say about speed
- P2P and checks

Nationally representative samples

- Survey of Consumer Payment Choice, SCPC (2008-2017)
 - Annual estimates of consumers' <u>recall</u> of a "typical month"
 - Adoption of deposit accounts and payment instruments
 - Use (# per month) of payment instruments by seven payment types
 - Respondents also rate payment instruments on characteristic
- Diary of Consumer Payment Choice, DCPC (2012, 2015-2017)
 - Collaboration with the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco Cash Product Office and Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond
 - Daily <u>recording</u> of specific payments for three days in October (usually)
 - Use (# and \$) of payment instruments for all payment types
 - Types of payees and consumer expenditures

HOW DO CONSUMERS CHOOSE?

Consumers have more choices....



Source: Author's research.

Q: What is the main reason that consumers have adopted so many payment instruments?

- Consumers value and demand large variety and choice
- No single fast, safe, and low-cost payment instrument can be used everywhere
- Acceptance of payment instruments by merchants and other payees is still far from universal
- Innovation and competition produces more payment instruments in the short run

Three factors important for choice

- Characteristics of the consumer
 - Income(individual and household)
 - Demographics
- Characteristics of the transaction
 - Dollar value
 - Type of expenditure
 - Type of merchant
- Characteristics of the payment instrument
 - Security
 - Cost
 - Convenience

Q: Which payment characteristic is most important when you decide which payment method to use?

- Acceptance for payment
- Getting and setting up
- Cost
- Convenience
- Payment records
- Security
- Speed

SECURITY OF PAYMENT INSTRUMENTS

Three kinds of security



security of wealth

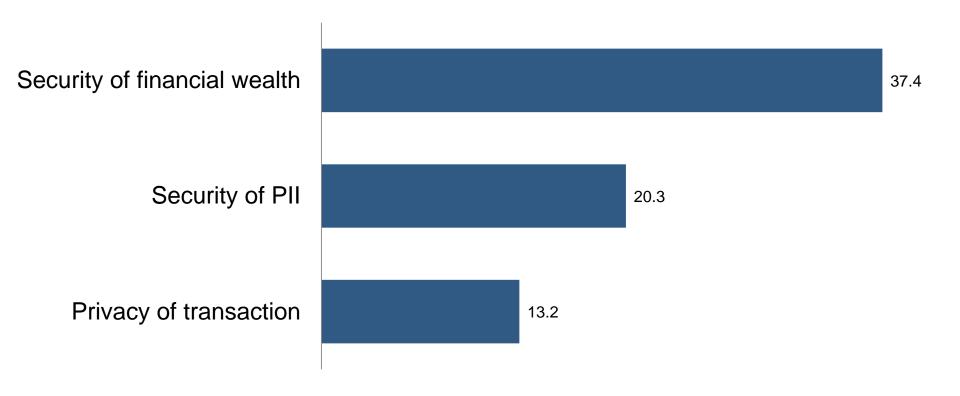


security of personal info



privacy of transaction

What facet of security matters most?



Source: Survey of Consumer Payment Choice 2013. Share of respondents rating each characteristic as "most important"

Target data breach

- Payment card data for 40 million credit and debit card accounts
- Used in Target stores in the 19 days between November 27 and December 15, 2013
- Announced December 19, 2013

Research question

 Does news about payment security breaches change the way consumers assess and use payment instruments?

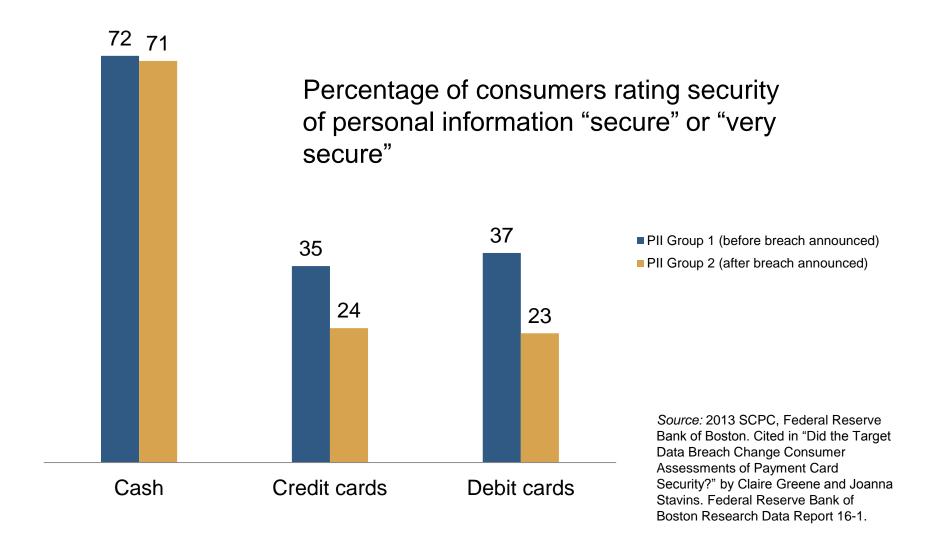
Timeline of data collection



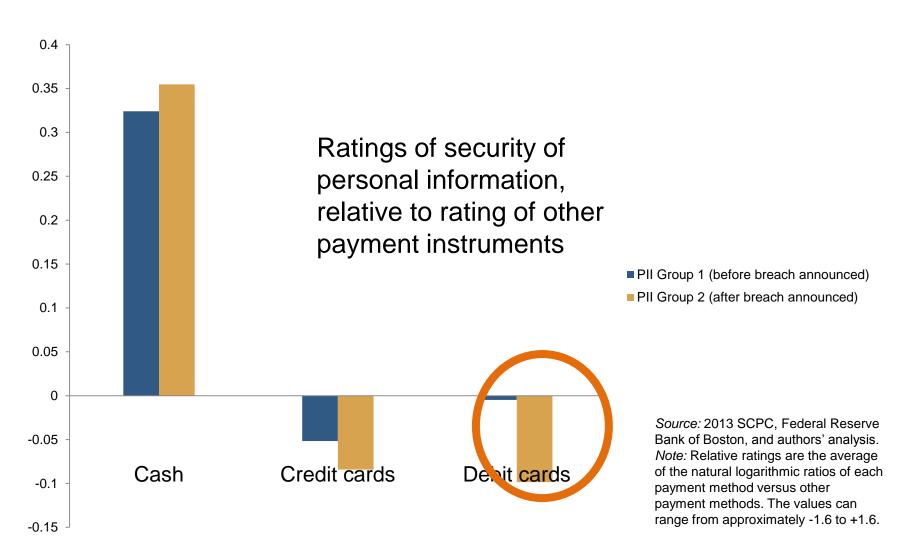
Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, Google Trends.

Note: 100 equals most intense search activity on "Target data breach." The spike in searches occurred almost instantaneously following announcement of the breach; software limitations cause it to appear on the figure to have begun slightly in advance of the announcement.

Ratings of security of personal information



Ratings relative to all payment methods

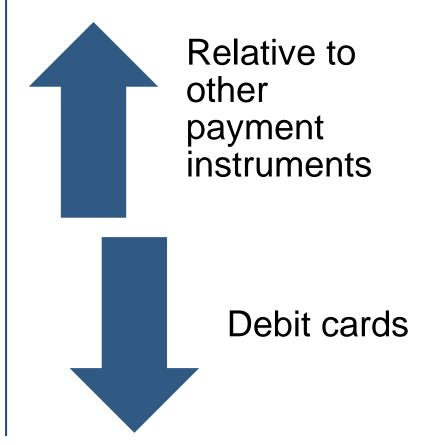


Debit rated poorly after a breach

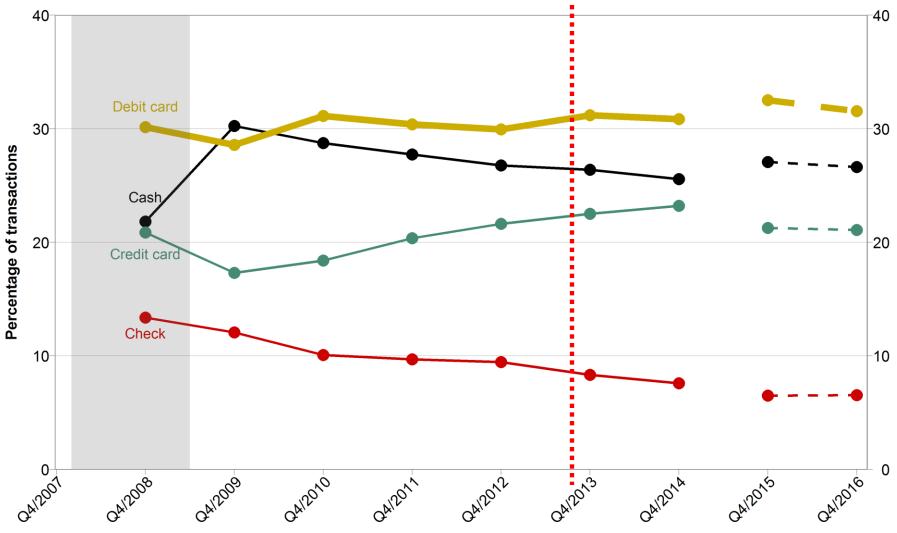
For security of personal info

age marital status name net email Worth car owner voting habits clicks downloads political purchases internet party astrological sign average criminal record spending kids in usernames homeowner house

after Target 2013 data breach



No long-term effects observed



Source: Survey of Consumer Payment Choice. 2015 & 2016 results are preliminary and not official.

Would better security increase use?

For credit & debit cards, the economic effect is small



Small change: Increased security of wealth



No change: Increased security of perso al info

Source: 2013 Survey of Consumer Payment Choice. Cited in "How Do Speed and Security Influence Consumers' Payment Behavior?" by Scott Schuh and Joanna Stavins forthcoming in Contemporary Economic Policy.



No change: Increased privicy of transaction

BILLS & SPEED OF PAYMENT INSTRUMENTS

4 kinds of speed



At time of payment



Of payment deduction

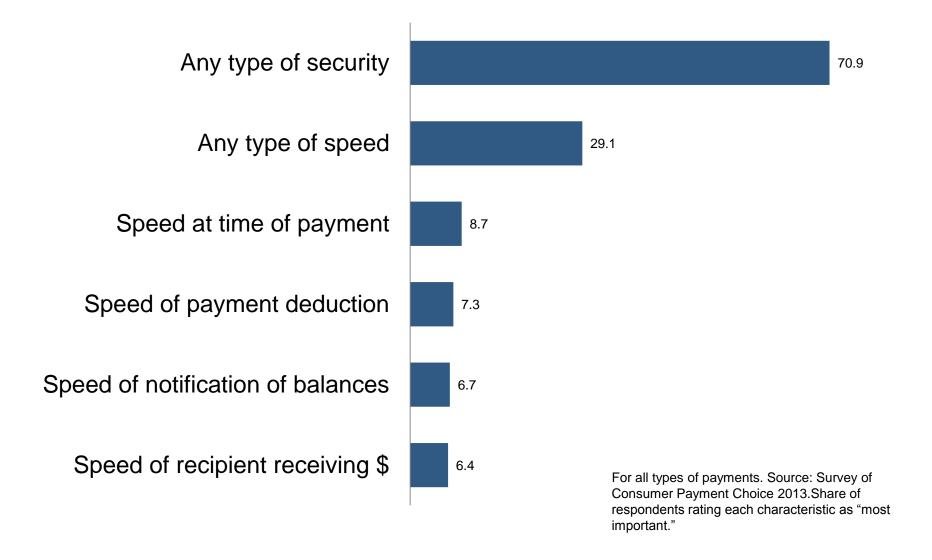


Of notification of new balance

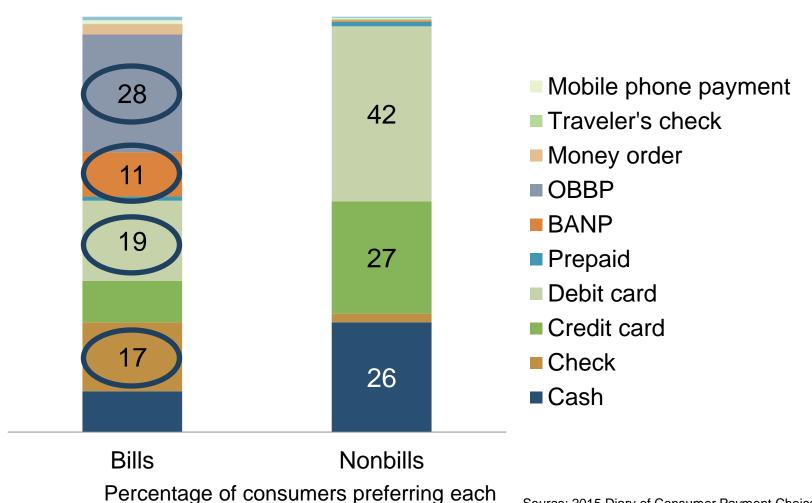


Of recipient receiving

What facet of speed matters most?



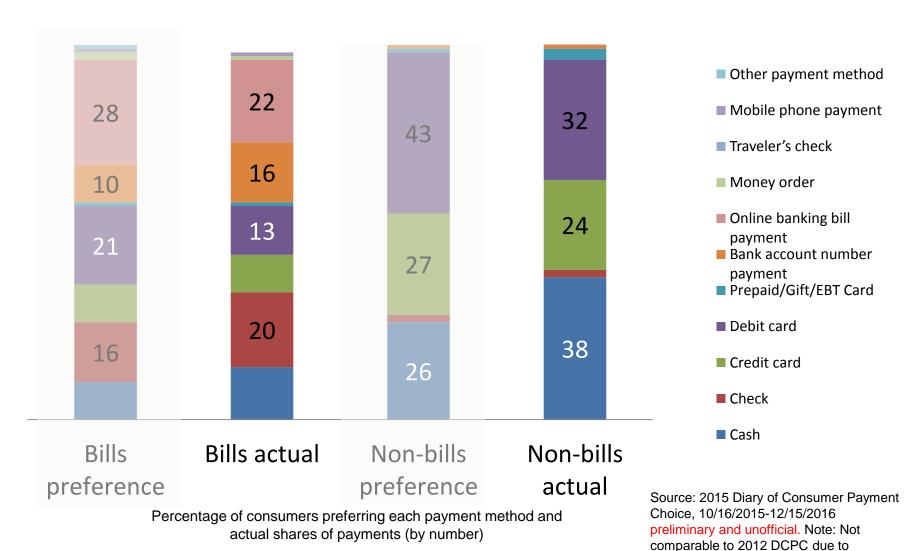
Stated preferences differ by purpose



payment method

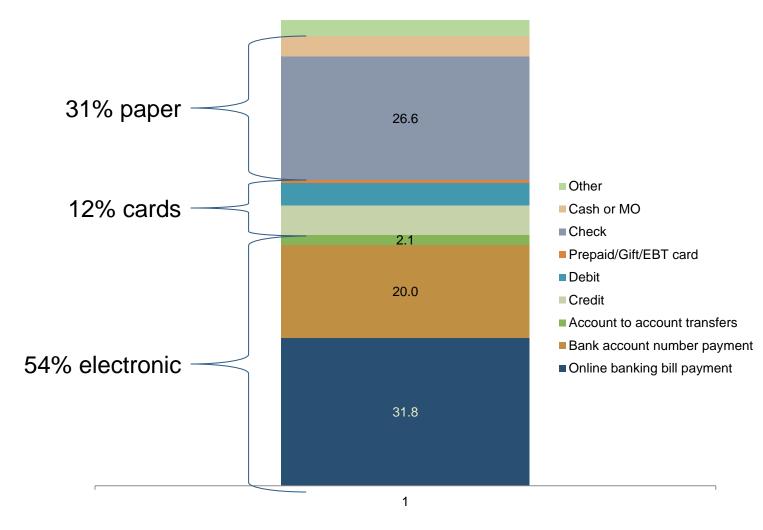
Source: 2015 Diary of Consumer Payment Choice, preliminary and unofficial. Note: Not comparable to 2012 DCPC due to questionnaire and sample changes.

Preferred Pls used most of the time



questionnaire and sample changes.

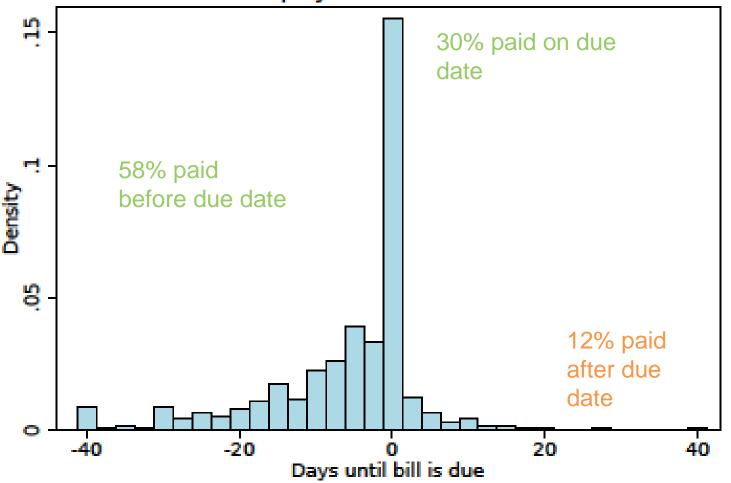
By value, most bills paid electronically



Source: 2015 Diary of Consumer Payment Choice, preliminary and unofficial. Note: Not comparable to 2012 DCPC due to questionnaire and sample changes.

Most bills paid on due date or early

Distribution of bill payment date relative to due date



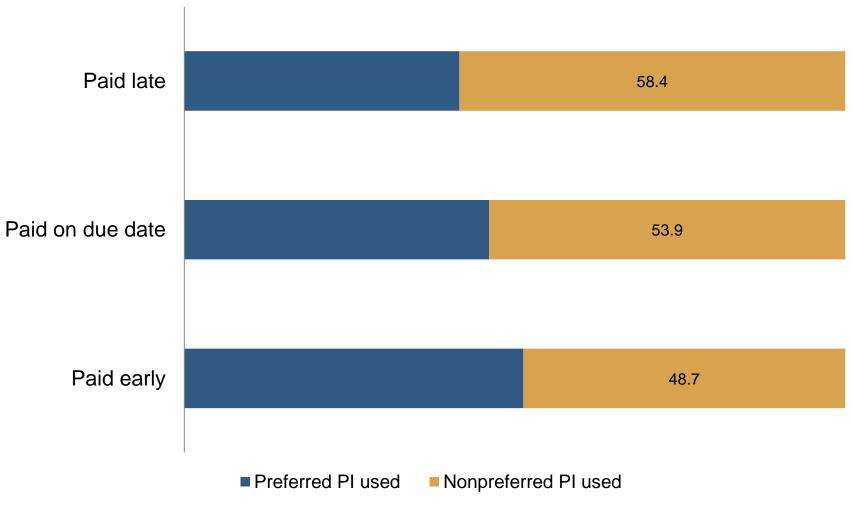
Source: 2015 Diary of Consumer Payment Choice, preliminary and unofficial.

Credit card bills less likely to be late



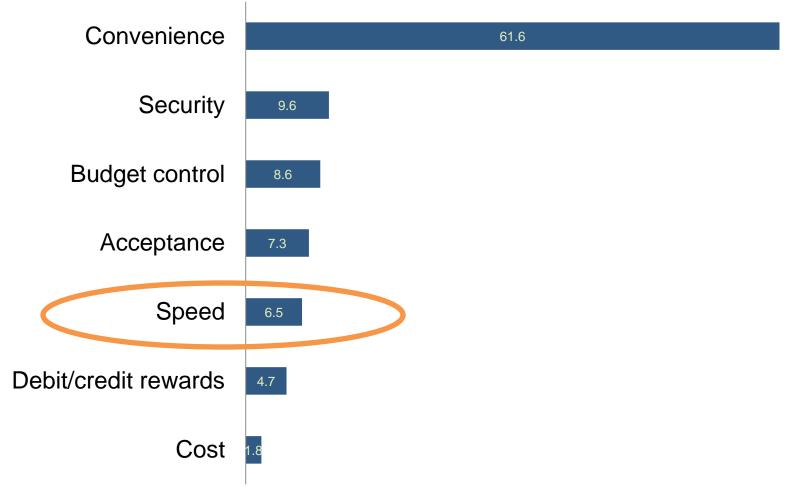
Source: 2015 Diary of Consumer Payment Choice, 1preliminary and unofficial.

PI choice relative to bill due date



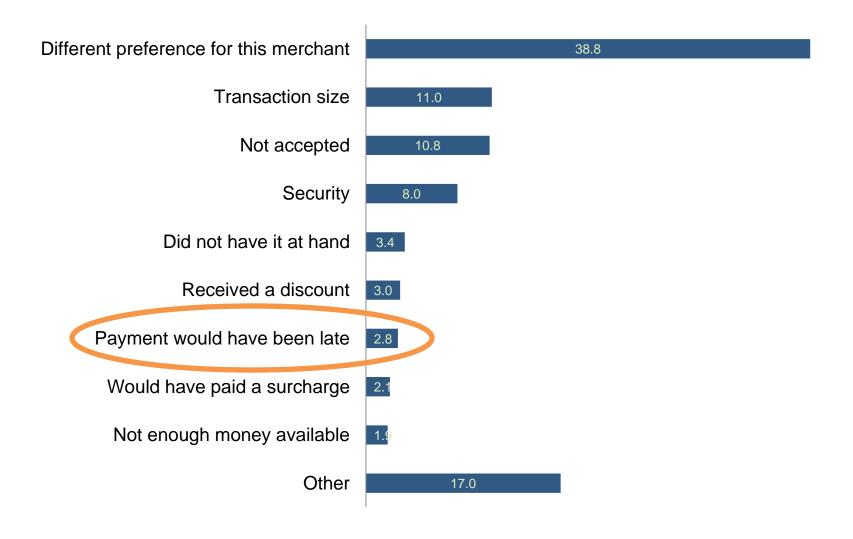
Source: 2015 Diary of Consumer Payment Choice preliminary and unofficial.

Why is bill pay method preferred?



Source: 2015 Diary of Consumer Payment Choice, preliminary and unofficial.

Why switch from bill pay preference?



Would adoption & use go up with speed?

Some effect for ACH-based payment methods

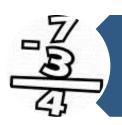


At time of payment





Of payment deduction



Of notification of new balance

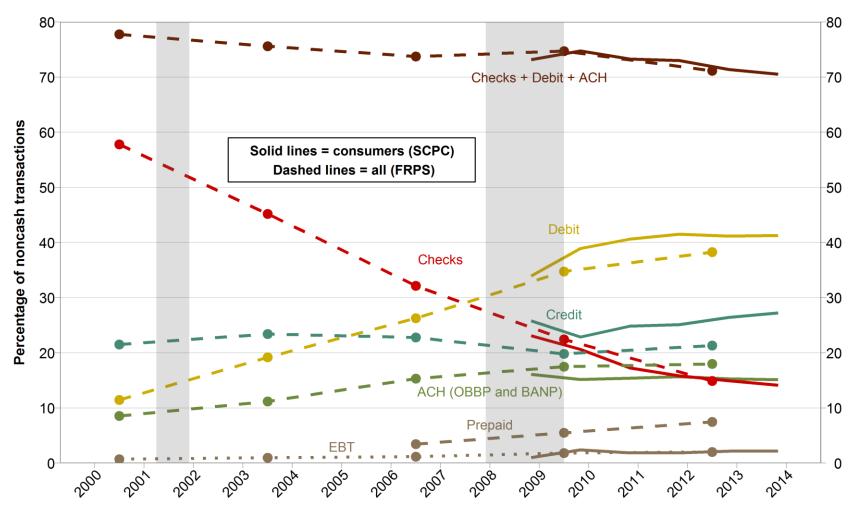
Source: 2013 Survey of Consumer Payment Choice. Cited in "How Do Speed and Security Influence Consumers' Payment Behavior?" by Scott Schuh and Joanna Stavins forthcoming in *Contemporary Economic Policy*.



Of recipient receiving

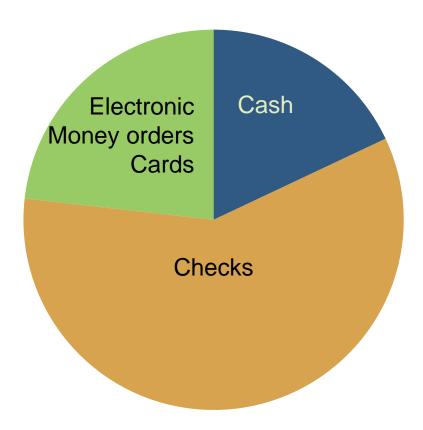
P2P & CHECKS

Noncash spending (all) shift from checks

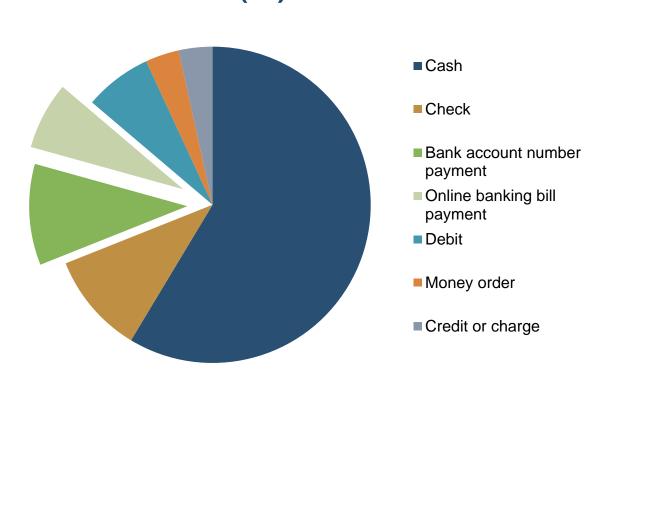


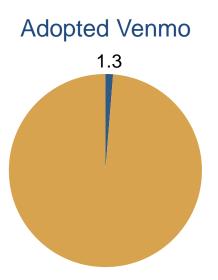
Sources: 2009–2014 Survey of Consumer Payment Choice; 2000–2012 Federal Reserve Payments Study, 2000–2012 data (reported 2001–2013).

P2P use (\$ value): 58% checks



P2P use (#): 60% cash





Q: In the past 30 days, have you written a paper check to pay another person?

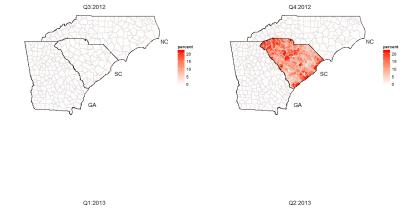
- Yes
- \circ No

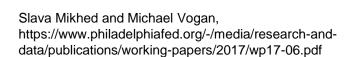
The Consumer Role

- Technology changes quickly; people may not
 - Assessments & preferences are sticky
- 3 aspects influence choice
 - Consumer characteristics
 - Payment instrument characteristics
 - Transaction characteristics

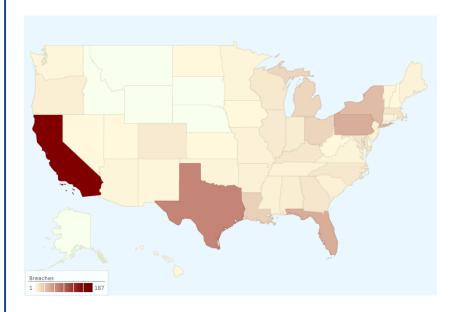
Further reading

How Data Breaches Affect Consumer Credit





Do Patients Care about Data Breaches?



M. Eric Johnson and Juhee Kwon, http://www.econinfosec.org/archive/weis2015/papers/WEIS_2015 _kwon.pdf

Using the data

- Reports, data tables, raw data for download
 - https://www.bostonfed.org/payment-studies-and-strategies.aspx
 - "<u>Did the Target Data Breach Change Consumer Assessments of Payment Card Security?</u>"
 - "How Do Speed and Security Influence Consumers' Payment Behavior?"

Thank you!

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