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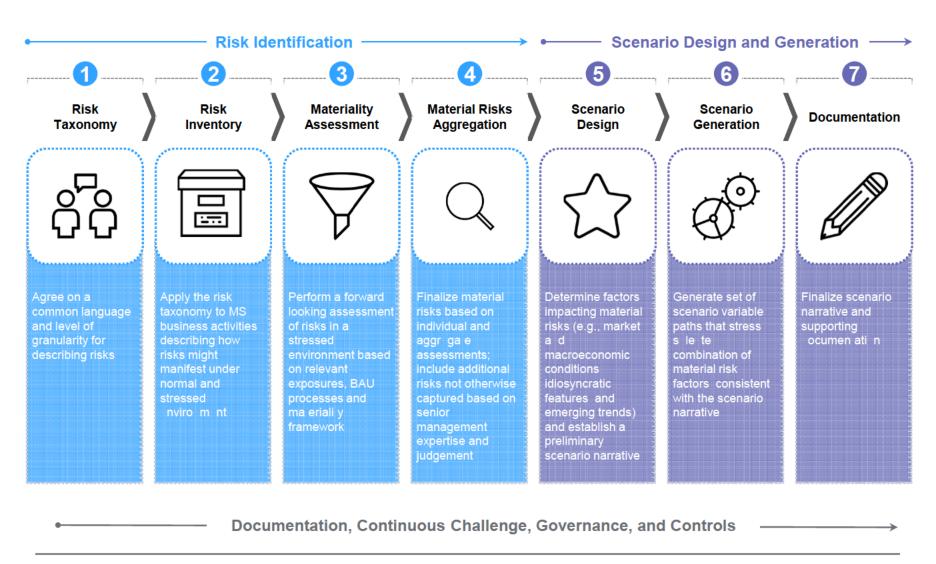


Risk Identification, Scenario Design and Loss Estimation

Morgan Stanley Presentation to the FRB Model Symposium

October 4, 2017

Risk Identification and Scenario Design Framework



The Risk Identification Process



Hierarchical taxonomy of risks that standardize risk definitions across risk types, which enables consistent risk categorization across lines of business



Risk Inventory

- Detailed listing of unique risks emerging from Firm-wide business activities including key drivers of risk
- Iterative process involving multiple stakeholders (e.g., lines of business, risk management)
- Developed at a line of business level (i.e., market, credit, earnings, strategic, and reputation risks) and a Firm-wide level (i.e., funding & liquidity, operational, and capital & RWA risks)
- Subject to review, challenge, and governance framework
- Refreshed on a quarterly basis



Risk Identification

Materiality Assessment

- Materiality framework
 - Assumption of stress as pre-condition to materiality assessment
 - Assessment of materiality at most applicable level of granularity
 - Very low materiality threshold relative to capital
- Combination of quantitative and qualitative assessments
- Considers potential impact to Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) ratio, stress loss, profit before taxes (PBT), and other comprehensive income (OCI)



Material Risks Aggregation

- Identifies and captures the Firm's material risks across businesses
- Inventory of material risks further enhanced through:
 - Business-as-usual senior management reporting
 - Additional reviews of non-material risks to assess potential for collective materiality
 - Review of new product approvals/ initiatives
 - Quarterly review to evaluate potential changes, new or emerging risks

The Scenario Design Framework



Scenario Design

- Material risk themes serve as an organizing framework for the Firm's material risks to support scenario design; however, they do not replace the granularity of the risk inventory
- Detailed risks within each theme are considered and evaluated in the scenario design steps
- Scenario design features three unique components
 - Upfront market shock
 - 9-quarter market/ macro scenario
 - Idiosyncratic events

Scenario Design and Generation



Scenario Generation

- Generation of upfront market shocks and 9-quarter variable paths linked directly to the risk inventory
- Develop shocks within and across specific asset classes
- Identification of core variable shocks and generation of expansion variables
- Severity of paths tailored to stress unique Firm concentrations
- Inclusion of material, eventdriven risks that are additive to 9Q scenario stresses and may not arise from the market/ macro environment



Documentation

- Finalize scenario narrative for each component:
 - Upfront market shock
 - 9-quarter market/ macro scenario
 - Idiosyncratic events
- Review and analysis of risks-not-captured in the Firm's scenario:
 - Not coherent with the scenario design
 - Less material risks that are already captured in the scenario via stress of a similar more material risk
 - Event-driven risks that do not align with the overall scenario severity and objectives

Risks, Materiality, Scenario Factors/ Variables and Results

Examples From the Risk Inventory

The inventory is refreshed on at least a quarterly basis factoring in (i) new products/ business initiatives, (ii) changes to the Firm's exposures, business mix or risk profile and (ii) changes to the market/ macroeconomic environment

Sample Elements Included in the Firm's Risk Inventory

Sample Elements included in the Firm's Kisk inventory												
Risk Taxonomy				Risk Inventory						WWW Pressions		Design and ration
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		BU Owner	Risk Description	Key Risk Drivers	Risk Rating	Material Risk	Scenario Factor		Key Scenario Variables	Scenario Capture
Market Risk	Corporate Credit	Concentration Risk		FID	Sector Concentration Potential for MtM losses due to changes in industry / sector specific credit spreads	Sector specific credit spread concentrations	Medium	Yes	More severe spread widening in sectors where the Firm is concentrated		Industry specific shocks	Captured through industry specific shocks for top sectors
Credit Risk	Obligor Credit Risk	Geography Concentration		IBD	Geography Concentration The firm's Lending business has concentration to obligors in certain geographies	Country specific interest rates Country specific spreads	High	Yes	Decline in GDP Growth Spread widening		Country specific GDP Country specific rates and spreads	Captured through regional / country level GDP and spreads

Feedback loop from scenario results to materiality assessment and scenario factors

Integrated Role of Risk Identification/ Scenario Design into Capital Planning and Risk Management

