# **Monthly Mutual Fund Report**

### Statistics for April 2006 - May 2006

#### **Sales and Redemptions**

Total assets for all funds increased in April by \$123.9 billion, or 1.3 percent, to \$9.5 trillion. Money market funds had a net cash outflow of \$27.1 billion compared to an outflow in March of \$8.3 billion. Other funds (equity, hybrid, and bond) had a net cash inflow of \$27.9 billion, compared to an inflow of \$40.2 billion in March. New sales of non-money market funds, the purchase of new shares excluding reinvested dividends, were \$147.1 billion in April, down from \$168.8 billion in March. The value of non-money market assets appreciated by \$112.1 billion in April, following an appreciation of \$93.1 billion in March.

Total assets of **equity funds** increased by \$132.8 billion, or 2.5 percent, to \$5.5 trillion. There was a \$26.4 billion net cash inflow to equity funds in April, compared with an inflow of \$34.4 billion in March. The market value of assets appreciated by \$104.8 billion in April. Equity funds had an inflow of \$119.6 billion year-to-date, compared to an inflow of \$56.1 billion during the first four months of 2005.

Total assets for **hybrid funds**, which invest in a mix of stocks and bonds, increased 1.4 percent, or \$8.3 billion, to \$596.5 billion. In April, there was a \$0.4 billion net cash inflow into these funds, compared to an inflow in March of \$0.6 billion. Hybrid funds have experienced an inflow of \$1.7 billion year-to-date, compared to an inflow of \$15.8 billion during the first four months of 2005.

**Bond funds** experienced a cash inflow of \$1.1 billion, while their total assets increased by \$4.3 billion, to \$1.4 trillion. The market value of bond funds assets decreased by \$.6 billion, after adjusting for net sales and reinvested dividends. The assets of taxable bond funds increased by 0.5 percent, while the assets of tax-exempt bond funds decreased by 0.2 percent. The 2006 inflow is \$23.4 billion, compared to an inflow of \$7.2 billion through April of 2005.



Assets of taxable and tax-exempt **money market funds** decreased \$21.5 billion, to \$2.0 trillion, a decrease of 0.7 percent for taxable money market funds and a decrease of 2.7 percent for tax-exempt funds. The 2006 outflow is \$34.6 billion, compared to an outflow of \$85.8 billion through April of 2005.

#### **Liquidity Ratio**

The liquidity ratio for bond and hybrid funds increased to 6.6 percent in April from 6.0 percent in March, while the ratio for equity funds increased from 4.0 to 4.1 percent (figure 4).

#### **Weekly Flows**

In May, outflows from equity funds were 0.5 percent of total assets, with losses of 3.4 percent (figure 6a). Bond funds had outflows of 0.1 percent and losses of 0.5 percent.

Index funds had monthly outflows of 0.04 percent and losses of 1.9 percent. Aggressive growth funds had outflows of 0.6 percent and losses of 4.3 percent. Small-cap funds had inflows of 0.2 percent and losses of 3.6 percent.

Technology funds had outflows of 1.7 percent and losses of 6.6 percent (figure 6b). There were outflows to real estate funds of 1.2 percent and losses of 4.0 percent.

International funds in May had inflows of 0.2 percent of assets and losses of 4.0 percent. Latin American funds had outflows of 2.0 percent and losses of 10.8 percent. Japan funds had outflows of 0.4 percent and losses of 1.1 percent. Pacific funds that do not invest in Japan had inflows of 0.1 percent and losses of 3.2 percent of assets. Emerging Markets funds had outflows of 1.5 percent and losses of 6.5 percent.

#### **Capital Market Returns and Volatility**

The S&P 500 ended in May 30 at 1260.12, a decrease of 3.9 percent from the previous month. The 12-month gain was 5.4 percent at monthend. The annualized volatility for the daily return on the S&P 500 was 10.0 percent.

The 12-month average return on the Citigroup Bond Index was 0.8 percent in April. Volatility decreased to 3.0 percent in April from 3.2 percent in March (figure 8).

#### **Price-Earnings Ratio**

The macro projections for the growth of earnings for the Standard and Poor's 500 index over the next two years have been revised in the first quarter of 2006 to 6.4 from current levels. During the first quarter of 2006, the price-earnings ratio for the Standard and Poor's 500 Index was 17.5, down from 17.8 in the fourth quarter of 2005. The price-earnings ratio for the Small-Cap 600 Index increased to 23.7 in the first quarter of 2006, from 20.7 in the fourth quarter of 2005 (figure 9).

Please contact Afreen Ali for questions and comments at Afreen.Ali@bos.frb.org, or by phone at (617) 973-3239.

# Figure 1 Sales of Mutual Funds







### Net New Sales/Total Assets



Source: Investment Company Institute

# Figure 2 Composition of Mutual Funds' Financial Assets



0 01Q3 05Q4 52Q1 57Q3 68Q3 74Q1 79Q3 85Q1 90Q3 96Q1 63Q1 98Q4 04Q2 54Q4 60Q2 65Q4 71Q2 76Q4 82Q2 87Q4 93Q2

Source: Flow of Funds/Haver Analytics.

# Figure 3 Net Portfolio Purchases



### Net Purchases of Other Assets



#### Source: Investment Company Institute

# Figure 4 Liquidity Ratios



\*Liquidity Ratios are the Percent of Total Assets held in Cash and Short-Term Securities. Source: Investment Company Institute

# Figure 5 Industry Composition

(Shaded Regions Indicate Periods of Rising Fed Funds Rate)



# Figure 6a Weekly Flows into Mutual Funds

(Percent of Total Assets)



# Figure 6b Weekly Flows into Mutual Funds

(Percent of Total Assets)



# Figure 7 Net New Sales By Investment Objective

(Shaded Regions Indicate Periods of Rising Fed Funds Rate)

### **Equity Funds**



### Bond & Hybrid Funds



### Figure 8 Capital Market Returns and Volatility



S&P500, Daily Returns and Volatility

### Figure 9



S&P Price-Earnings Ratios

S&P500 Price Earnings Ratio and the Growth of Earnings



\* Growth of earnings over subsequent 8 quarters. Current observations use forecast of earnings from macro projections.

source: Thomson Financial/First Call, Global Exchange (formerly DRI), Bloomberg

### Figure 10





Profits of Nonfinancial Corporations as a percent of GDP



\* Market Value of Equity plus Net Interest Bearing Debt / Current value of Land, Inventories, Equipment, and Structures

Source: Flow of Funds/Haver Analytics.