In Pursuit of a Better Payment System

The U.S. payment system is undergoing a remarkable period of change, driven by rapid adoption of technology and evolving end-user expectations. Going forward, the Federal Reserve Banks are collaborating and engaging with the industry to define and prioritize payment system improvement initiatives that advance the speed, efficiency and security of payments end to end.

The Federal Reserve Banks believe that industry collaboration is the foundation of any enduring strategic improvements to the U.S. payment system.

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Payment System Improvement – Public Consultation Paper

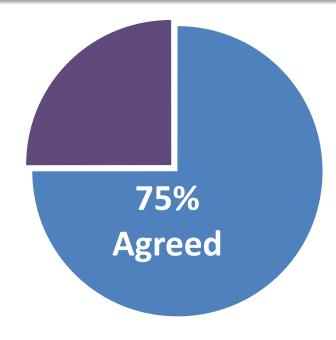
In late 2013, Federal Reserve Banks solicited comments on a *Payment System Improvement – Public Consultation Paper*.

- The paper sought the input of payment system providers and end users on:
 - Payment system gaps, opportunities and desired outcomes
 - Potential strategies and tactics to shape the future of the U.S. payment system
 - The Federal Reserve Banks' role in implementing these strategies and tactics

Payment System Improvement – Public Consultation Paper Industry Feedback Summary – Common Themes

Agreement with Gaps, Opportunities and Desired Outcomes

- Approximately three quarters of respondents agreed with the gaps, opportunities and desired outcomes outlined in the consultation paper.
- Feedback suggested that the Fed consider additional areas for focus.
- Many think a 10-year plan for improving the U.S. payment system is not aggressive enough.



Payment System Improvement – Public Consultation Paper Industry Feedback Summary – Common Themes

Approaches to Achieving Payment System Improvements

- There was **broad support for the Fed's efforts** to improve the U.S. payment system.
- Many suggested that the Fed become more active in developing and implementing payment standards.
- Many suggested that the Fed engage with the industry.
- Merchants expressed desire for a payment system governance structure.
- Depository Institutions argued that they are held to higher regulatory and risk management standards.
- Some non-banks would like direct access to the payment system, but many banks urged that the payment system remain bank-centric.

Payment System Improvement – Public Consultation Paper Industry Feedback Summary – Common Themes

Faster Payments

- More than three quarters of respondents agreed that the following would be important:
 - Ubiquitous participation Confirmation of good funds
 - Both speedy payment settlement and delivery of information
- Many suggested that we should only pursue near real-time payments if there is a clear business case.
- Opinions were divided on how near real-time delivery of payments would be best achieved.
- Many suggested that near real-time confirmation of good funds and notification are more important than near real-time posting to end-user accounts and interbank settlement.
- Many urged that any **future faster payment options be limited to credit payments** to help prevent fraud.

Payment System Improvement – Public Consultation Paper Industry Feedback Summary – Common Themes

Security



- Many suggested that the **industry** work together.
- Many also advocated for the development and adoption of standards.
- Many believe consumers need better education and incentives.





End-User Research on Demand for Select Payment Attributes Research Results Summary

Cualitative and quantitative research was conducted to seek insights on payment preferences of end users in different "use case" scenarios and to learn their views on the importance of various payment features. Specifically, the research explored end-user needs related to the following attributes referenced in the *Consultation Paper's* desired outcome 2: ubiquity, payment speed, payment notification, ability to send payments without account information and confirmation of good funds at payment initiation. Insight was also sought on awareness of different payment instruments and willingness to pay fees.

KEY TAKEAWAYS

Following are key insights from this business and consumer end-user market research.

Faster Is Preferred

Overal, faster payment features are preferred to slower payment features.

Payment Attributes of Interest

The research indicates that businesses and consumers are interested, to varying degrees, in the payment attributes defined in the *Consultation Paper's* desired outcome 2:

- + Ubiquity
- + Payment speed
- + Payment notification
- A bility to send payments without account information
- Continuation of good funds at payment initiation

Important to Consumers

The consumer survey showed that faster debiting from a consumer payer's account is generally a more important feature than faster crediting to a payee.

Important to Businesses

For businesses, fast availability of funds was the most important element of payment speed

Sharing of Information

By a significant margin, consumers and businesses indicated that they would rather share an email address or a phone number to make/receive payments instead of sharing their bank account numbers

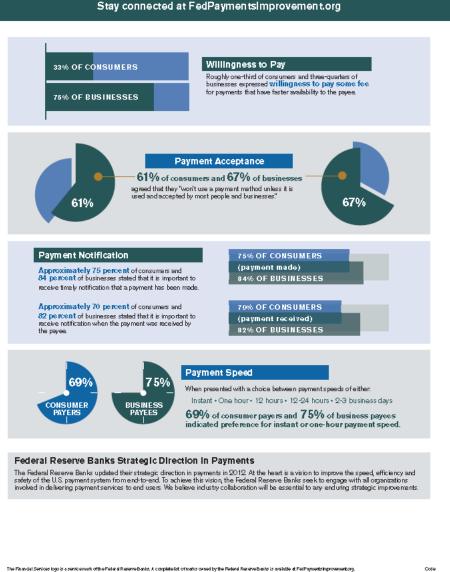


85% of consumers and 81% of businesses

stated that when making a payment, not having to give their bank account information to the payee is important.

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Next Steps

 Continue payment industry collaboration efforts to encourage and document interactive dialogue on the U.S. payment system gaps and opportunities, desired outcomes and possible solutions that improve speed, efficiency and security.

• Use *Consultation Paper* industry input and additional research insight to inform FRFS future plans and actions and identify areas where collaboration with industry or independent industry action would be useful in the implementation of U.S. payment system improvements.

 Define and prioritize U.S. payment system improvement initiatives that advance the speed, efficiency and security of payments and communicate these plans in a white paper expected to be published in the second half of 2014.